

IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ

PART III: CONSUMER INFORMATION

^{Pr}PRAVASTATIN – 10

^{Pr}PRAVASTATIN - 20

^{Pr}PRAVASTATIN - 40

Pravastatin Sodium Tablets USP

This leaflet is part III of a three-part “Product Monograph” published when PRAVASTATIN was approved for sale in Canada and is designed specifically for Consumers. This leaflet is a summary and will not tell you everything about PRAVASTATIN. Contact your doctor or pharmacist if you have any questions about the drug.

KEEP ALL MEDICINES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

ABOUT THIS MEDICATION

What the medication is used for:

PRAVASTATIN (pravastatin sodium) is available only with your physician’s prescription. It is to be used as an adjunct to a medically recommended and carefully supervised diet for the long-term treatment of hypercholesterolemia and is not a substitute for such a diet. This has been shown to decrease the chances of experiencing a first or second heart attack, or stroke, and may help prevent heart disease if caused by cholesterol clogging the blood vessels, or slow the progression of atherosclerosis (hardening) of the arteries that nourish your heart, so-called coronary heart disease (CHD). In addition, depending on your condition, your physician may recommend an appropriate regimen of exercise, weight control and other measures.

What it does:

PRAVASTATIN lowers the level of cholesterol, particularly Low Density Lipoprotein (LDL) cholesterol, in the blood. PRAVASTATIN reduces cholesterol production by the liver and induces some changes of cholesterol transport and disposition in the blood and tissues.

When it should not be used:

- If you are pregnant, since its use in the event of pregnancy may harm the unborn. Only female patients who are highly unlikely to conceive can be candidates for PRAVASTATIN treatment. In the event of pregnancy during treatment, PRAVASTATIN should be discontinued and physician should be informed.
- If you know that you are allergic to pravastatin or any of the non-medicinal ingredients of PRAVASTATIN.
- If you have liver disease
- In adolescents and children since the safety of PRAVASTATIN in this age group has not been established.

What the medicinal ingredient is:

Pravastatin sodium

What the important nonmedicinal ingredients are:

Non-medicinal ingredients: croscarmellose sodium, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate and microcrystalline cellulose.

Colourants are present in the tablets as follows:

10 mg tablet: red ferric oxide

20 mg tablet: yellow ferric oxide

40 mg tablet: D&C yellow #10 and FD&C blue #1

What dosage forms it comes in:

10 mg, 20 mg and 40 mg tablets

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Use only as specifically directed. Do not alter the dosage unless ordered to do so by your physician. Check with your physician before discontinuing medication since this may result in an increase of your blood lipids.

Before taking PRAVASTATIN, tell your doctor or pharmacist if you:

- Are breast-feeding or intend to breast-feed,
- Have thyroid problems
- Have a family history of muscular disorders
- Had any past problems with the muscles (pain, tenderness), after using an HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor (“statin”) such as atorvastatin (Lipitor®)¹, fluvastatin (Lescol®)², lovastatin (Mevacor®)³, pravastatin (Pravachol®)⁴, rosuvastatin (Crestor®)⁵ or simvastatin (Zocor®)³, or have developed an allergy or intolerance to them.
- Have kidney or liver problems,
- Diabetes,
- Have undergone surgery or other tissue injury,
- Do excessive physical exercise.

Pregnancy

Before using this medication, discuss the following with your doctor:

- Cholesterol compounds are essential elements for the development of a fetus.
- Cholesterol-lowering drugs can harm the fetus. If

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² Lescol® is a registered trademark of Sandoz Canada Inc.

³ Mevacor® & Zocor® are registered trademarks of Merck & Co., Inc.

⁴ Pravachol® is a registered trademark of Bristol-Myers Squibb company Inc.

⁵ Crestor® is a registered trademark of IPR Pharmaceuticals Inc.

you are of child-bearing age, discuss with your doctor the potential hazards to the fetus and the importance of birth control methods.

- PRAVASTATIN should not be used by pregnant women. If you become pregnant, discontinue use immediately and discuss with your doctor.

Slightly increased blood sugar can occur when you take HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor (“statin”). Discuss with the doctor your risk of developing diabetes.

INTERACTIONS WITH THIS MEDICATION

PRAVASTATIN may interact with other drugs, including those you take without a prescription. You must tell your doctor or pharmacist about all drugs, including prescription and non-prescription, herbal products and supplements, you are taking or planning to take before you take PRAVASTATIN.

You should tell your doctor if you are taking other cholesterol lowering medication such as fibrates (gemfibrozil, fenofibrate), niacin or ezetimibe. If you take these drugs and PRAVASTATIN together you may be at an increased risk of myopathy (muscle disease with aching or weakness).

If you are taking a bile acid-binding resin (such as cholestyramine, colestipol), your doctor will recommend that you take PRAVASTATIN either one hour or more before or at least four hours following the resin. Taking them together causes lower amounts of PRAVASTATIN in the blood, making it less effective.

If you are taking cyclosporine, your doctor may need to adjust the dose of PRAVASTATIN.

Excessive alcohol intake should be avoided when taking PRAVASTATIN. Tell your doctor if you regularly drink *three or more* alcoholic drinks daily.

PROPER USE OF THIS MEDICATION

- Do not change the dose unless directed by a doctor.
- PRAVASTATIN should be taken as a single dose at bedtime, as prescribed by your physician.
- Your physician will monitor your clinical condition and your blood tests at regular intervals. It is important to have these check-ups done on schedule. Please keep your appointments accurately.
- Notify your physician about any illness which may develop during your treatment with PRAVASTATIN and about any new prescription or non-prescription medication you may take. If you require medical help for other reasons, inform the attending physician that you

are taking PRAVASTATIN.

- Notify your physician if you are going to have major surgery or have sustained a severe injury.
- Notify your physician of any muscle pain, tenderness or weakness developing during treatment with PRAVASTATIN. (see SIDE EFFECTS AND WHAT TO DO ABOUT THEM).

Usual dose:

The recommended starting dose is 20 mg once daily at bed time. Patients who require a large dose reduction in LDL-C may be started at 40 mg once daily. The dose of 80 mg once daily should be reserved for patients who do not achieve their treatment goal with lower doses. PRAVASTATIN may be taken without regard to meals.

Overdose:

There is no specific recommended therapy for overdose with PRAVASTATIN.

In case of drug overdose, contact a health care practitioner, hospital emergency department or regional Poison Control Centre immediately, even if there are no symptoms.

SIDE EFFECTS AND WHAT TO DO ABOUT THEM

Along with its intended action, any medication may cause unwanted effects.

Check with your physician as soon as possible if any of the following side effects occurs: aching muscles, muscle cramping, tiredness or weakness, fever and blurred vision.

Muscle effects

Side effects such as myalgia (muscle pain), myopathy (muscle disease with aching or weakness), rhabdomyolysis (a muscle wasting disease), associated tenderness, and rare cases of rhabdomyolysis leading to kidney failure have been reported with other drugs of this class, known as HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors (“statins”), including PRAVASTATIN.

As these muscle problems are on rare occasions serious, you should contact your physician promptly if you experience any of the side effects listed in the Table below.

Possible side effects reported with some statins: breathing problems including persistent cough and/ or shortness of breath or fever, mood problems including depression, problems sleeping including insomnia and nightmares and sexual problems.

Poor memory, confusion and memory loss have also been reported with all statins.

